

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Cutting oil

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

WD-40 Company Limited, PO Box 440, Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF, United Kingdom

Phone:+44 (0) 1908 555400, Fax:+44 (0) 1908 266900

www.wd40.co.uk

IRL

P.R. Rielly Limited KarKraft House, Kilbarrack Industrial Estate, Kilbarrack, Dublin 5, Ireland

Phone:01-832 0006, Fax:01-832 0016

web@team.ie

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:

+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WDC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Lact.	Additional category	H362-May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Aquatic Acute	1	H400-Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aquatic Chronic	1	H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003

Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002

Valid from: 07.03.2017

PDF print date: 09.03.2017

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil



Danger

H362-May cause harm to breast-fed children. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P263-Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. P270-Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273-Avoid release to the environment.

P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501-Dispose of contents / container safely.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	602-095-00-X
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	287-477-0
CAS	85535-85-9
content %	10-20
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Lact. Additional category, H362 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003

Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002

Valid from: 07.03.2017

PDF print date: 09.03.2017

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Typically no exposure pathway.

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Coughing

Headaches

Dizziness

Effects/damages the central nervous system

With long-term contact:

drying of the skin.

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)

Ingestion:

Nausea

Vomiting

Gastrointestinal disturbances

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO₂

Extinction powder

Water jet spray

Alcohol resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Hydrogen chloride

Toxic gases

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

Explosive vapour/air mixture

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Page 4 of 14
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003
 Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002
 Valid from: 07.03.2017
 PDF print date: 09.03.2017
 WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
 If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
 Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
 Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
 Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
 Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
 Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
 Do not use on hot surfaces.
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
 Store product closed and only in original packing.
 Observe special regulations for aerosols!
 Observe special storage conditions.
 Store in a well ventilated place.
 Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
 Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB	Chemical Name	Propane	Content %:
	WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954)	
	BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	
IRL	Chemical Name	Propane	Content %:
	OELV-8h: 1000 ppm	OELV-15min: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-125 SA (549 954)	
	BLV: ---	Other information: Asphx	
GB	Chemical Name	Butane	Content %:
	WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)	
	BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	
IRL	Chemical Name	Butane	Content %:
	OELV-8h: 1000 ppm	OELV-15min: ---	---
	Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-221 SA (549 459)	
	BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Page 5 of 14
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003
 Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002
 Valid from: 07.03.2017
 PDF print date: 09.03.2017
 WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

Chemical Name	Isobutane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Isobutane	Content %:
OELV-8h: 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) (LPG)	OELV-15min: 1250 ppm (2250 mg/m3) (LPG)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Compur - KITA-113 SB(C) (549 368)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Oil mist, mineral	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 5 mg/m3 (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: 10 mg/m3 (ACGIH)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Oil 10/a-P (67 28 371) - Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Oil mist, mineral	Content %:
OELV-8h: 5 mg/m3 (Mineral oil, pure, highly & severely refined (inhalable))	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Oil 10/a-P (67 28 371) - Draeger - Oil Mist 1/a (67 33 031)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
 ** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (8-hour reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction. | OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (15-minute reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction. | BLV = Biological limit value | Other information: Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Sk = can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sen = Respiratory sensitizer. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - soil		PNEC	11,9	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	13	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	2,6	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	1	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,2	µg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	80	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	28,72	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,58	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,7	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	47,9	mg/kg bw/day	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Protective gloves made of polyvinyl alcohol (EN 374)

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

0,4

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

> 480

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white

At high concentrations:

Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Not determined
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	n.a.
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	0,8 Vol-%
Upper explosive limit:	9 Vol-%
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	Not determined
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Not determined
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not to be expected

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with strong alkalis.

Avoid contact with strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.

Page 8 of 14
 Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
 Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003
 Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002
 Valid from: 07.03.2017
 PDF print date: 09.03.2017
 WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	4000	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Mild irritant (Analogous conclusion)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No indications of such an effect.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity:					(Ames-Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	500	mg/kg bw/d		OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Positive, Analogous conclusion

Propane						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	21,641	mg/l		OECD 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Tox. Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Tox. Screening Test)	
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Butane						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, drowsiness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
-----------	--	--	--	--	--	--

Isobutane						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.
Other information:							According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Alkanes, C14-17, chloro							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>5000	mg/l	Alburnus alburnus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,01	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	0,0059	mg/l	Daphnia magna		

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	>3,2	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Hardly biodegradable
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Adsorption in ground., Sediment
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>2000	mg/l	activated sludge		

Propane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Butane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	24,11	mg/l		QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	14,22	mg/l		QSAR	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods****For the substance / mixture / residual amounts**

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

Recycling

15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information**General statements**

14.1. UN number:

1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AEROSOLS



14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 14.4. Packing group: -
 Classification code: 5F
 LQ: 1 L
 14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous
 Tunnel restriction code: D

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
 AEROSOLS (CHLOROPARAFFINE)
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 14.4. Packing group: -
 EmS: F-D, S-U
 Marine Pollutant: Yes
 14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

**Transport by air (IATA)**

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
 Aerosols, flammable
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 14.4. Packing group: -
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 15 %

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

n.a.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

F00196

Revised sections: 2,16

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Lact. Additional category, H362	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification based on test data.
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Classification according to calculation procedure.

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003

Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002

Valid from: 07.03.2017

PDF print date: 09.03.2017

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

Aerosol 1, H229

Classification based on test data.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Lact. — Reproductive toxicity - effects on or via lactation

Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Aerosol — Aerosols

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-*t*-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEA European Economic Area

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ERC Environmental Release Categories

ES Exposure scenario

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

EWG European Waste Catalogue

Fax. Fax number

gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LC lethal concentration
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC Chemical product category
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm parts per million
PROC Process category
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR Structure Activity Relationship
SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

Page 14 of 14

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revision date / version: 07.03.2017 / 0003

Replacing version dated / version: 10.07.2015 / 0002

Valid from: 07.03.2017

PDF print date: 09.03.2017

WD-40® Specialist® Multi-Purpose Cutting Oil

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90

© by Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung. The copying or changing of this document is forbidden except with consent of the Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung.